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# **High-performance IP Forwarding Using Host Interface Peering**

Joe Touch, touch@isi.edu Anne Hutton, hutton@isi.edu Simon Walton, simonw@isi.edu Stephen Suryaputra, surya@isi.edu USC/ISI Computer Networks Division

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1 of 12

3 of 12

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# **Host-Based Forwarding**

#### **Benefits**

- Programmability
- Commodity Platforms and Network Interfaces
- Network Interface Cards track technology advances
- NICs precede line cards (if line cards exist at all).

## **Example uses in Research**

- in testbeds DARTnet and successor CAIRN
- Active Networks.
- ATOMIC project supporting Myrinet LAN at ISI

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2 of 12

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#### **Problems**

## Latency

- Store and forward copying

#### **Bandwidth**

- bus limited backplane

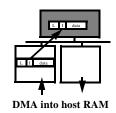
#### **CPU** load

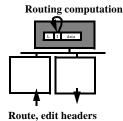
- interrupts
- cycles to manage transfers (PIO more than DMA)

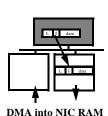
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Conventional Forwarding, with DMA to/from Host Memory

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4 of 12

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# **Solution: Forwarding using Peer DMA**

# Two approaches:

- packet on NIC
- data on NIC, copy header to host

#### **Results:**

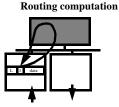
- UDP thoughput up by over 40%
- CPU pegged for small packet sizes and multiple sources
- Relieves CPU load by 35% for 2 sources
- Max packet per sec. 12,000 @ 128 byte packet sizes
- Worse for TO-Host traffic (PIO)

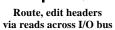
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7 of 12

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Peer DMA NIC-to-NIC

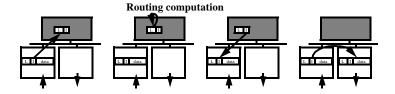
Data and header remain on NIC, followed by peer DMA

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Header Copy, data remains on NIC, followed by peer DMA

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# **Implications for NIC**

# NIC design

- support DMA
- sufficient shared memory for packet storage
- Co-processor available on NIC ?

#### **Packet issues**

- Fragmentation not required or trivial
- Packet data not utilised by CPU (not so in Active Nets)

#### **Host issues**

- I/O subsystem supporting DMA

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8 of 12

### **Future Work?**

# **Processing**

- How much involvement is needed by Host CPU?
- How much can be done on NIC?

#### **Buffers**

- Is buffering required for send and receive on NICs?

## Integration

- How to integrate Peer DMA forwarding with TO-Host data?
- Implications for early demux NIC architectures? (APIC)

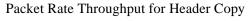
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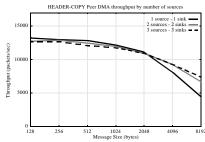
9 of 12

11 of 12

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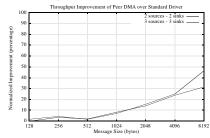


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#### Improvement of peer DMA over Standard Driver



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12 of 12